

TULIP TREE



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General Notes - - - Native to Eastern United States. Requires a moderate amount of water.

A *Liriodendron tulipifera* in Sacramento Capital Park #20 is registered as a California Big Tree. It measures 91 feet high, with a trunk circumference of 228 inches and a crown spread of 91 feet. Other Common Names: TULIP POPLAR, YELLOW POPLAR.

Tree Characteristics

Erect or Spreading and requires ample growing space. Conical or Oval Shape. Deciduous foliage.

Height: 60 - 80 feet. Growth Rate: 36 Inches per Season. Longevity Greater than 150 years.

Leaves Lobed, Light Green, Bronze or Gold, Deciduous.

Flowers Showy, fragrant green, orange or yellow in Spring or Summer. Has fragrant Bark.

Brown Cone of Samaras, Large (1.50 - 3.00 inches), fruiting in Fall.

Bark Dark Gray or Light Green, Fissured.

Shading Capacity Rated as Moderately Dense in Leaf and Moderately Low out of Leaf.

Litter Issue is Dry Fruit.

Tree Site Conditions & Constraints

Sunset Zones 2 - 12 and 14 - 24. USDA Hardiness Zones 5 - 9. Hardy to 15 degrees F.

Exposure Full Sun to Partial Shade.

Moist Soil. Clay or Loam Texture. Highly Acidic to Slightly Alkaline Soil pH.

Seaside Tolerance is Good in Mild Zone.

Pests & Disease Information

Resistant to Oak Root Fungus. Susceptible to Aphids and Scales, Anthracnose, Chlorosis, Fusarium, Oak Root Rot, Root Rot, Sooty Mold and Verticillium.

Health, Safety & Environmental Concerns

Branch Strength Rated as Medium Strong. Root Damage Potential Rated as Moderate.

Allergy Health Hazard.

Biogenic Emissions considered Moderate.

Desirable Wildlife Plant. Attracts Birds. Wildlife use Fruit.

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